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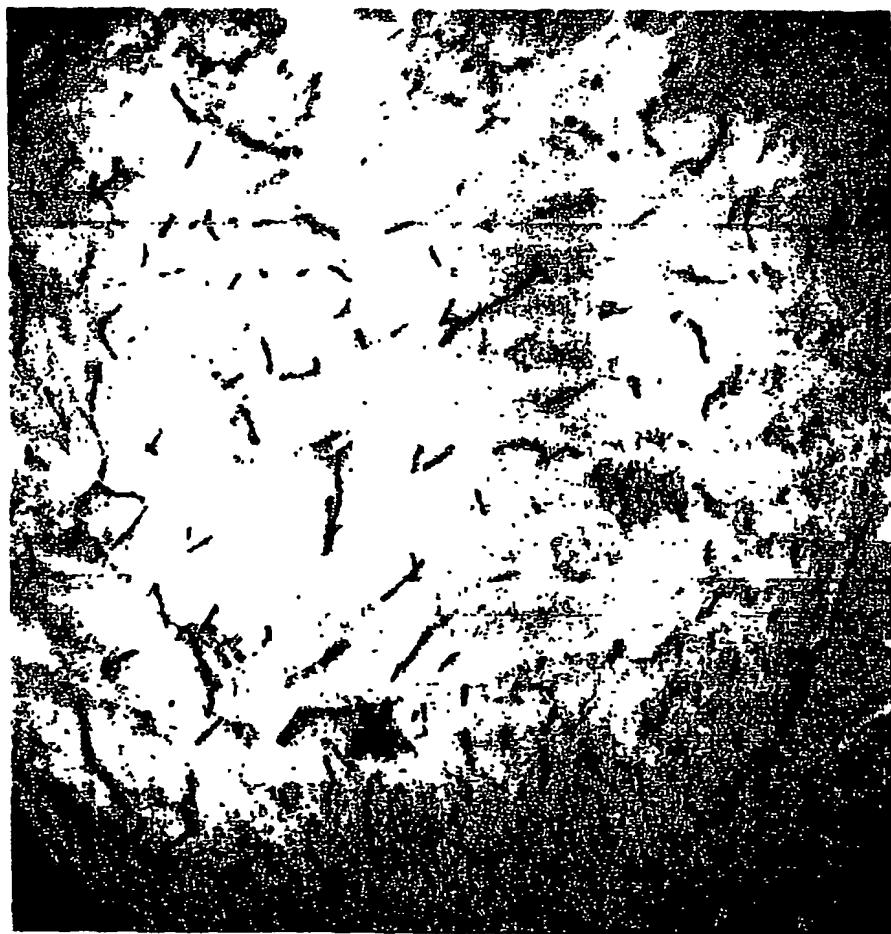


FIG.1

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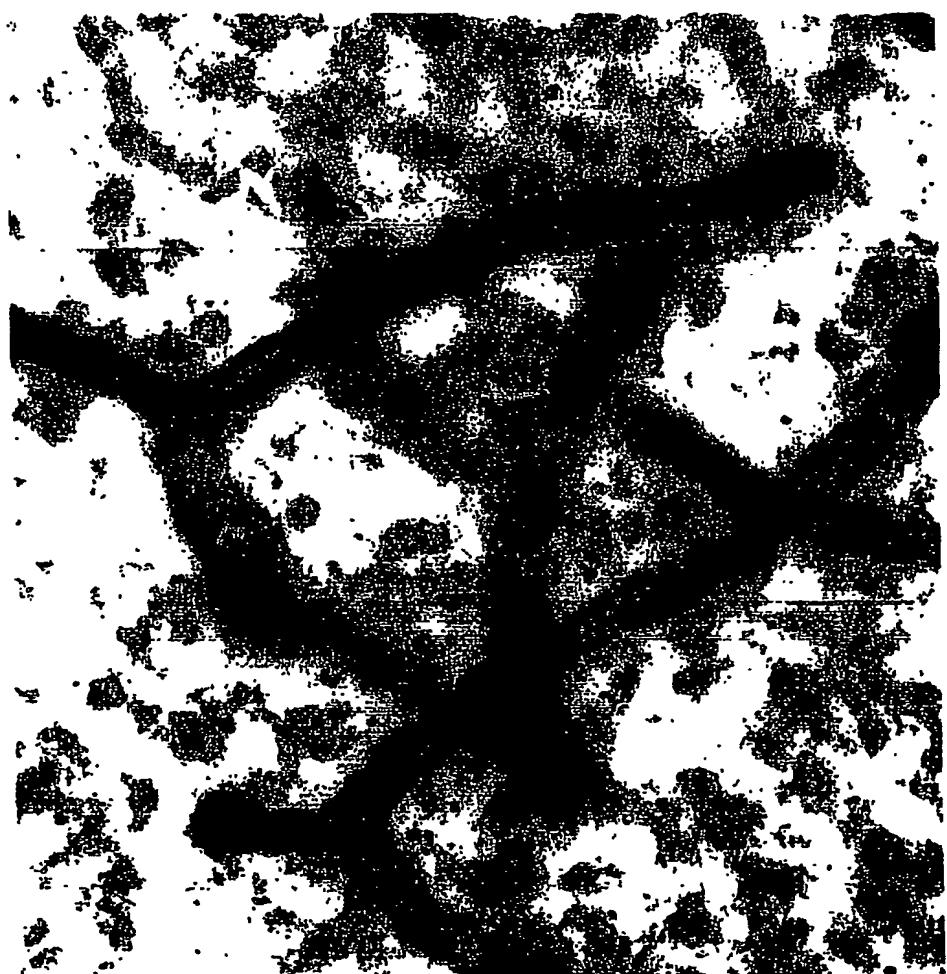


FIG.2

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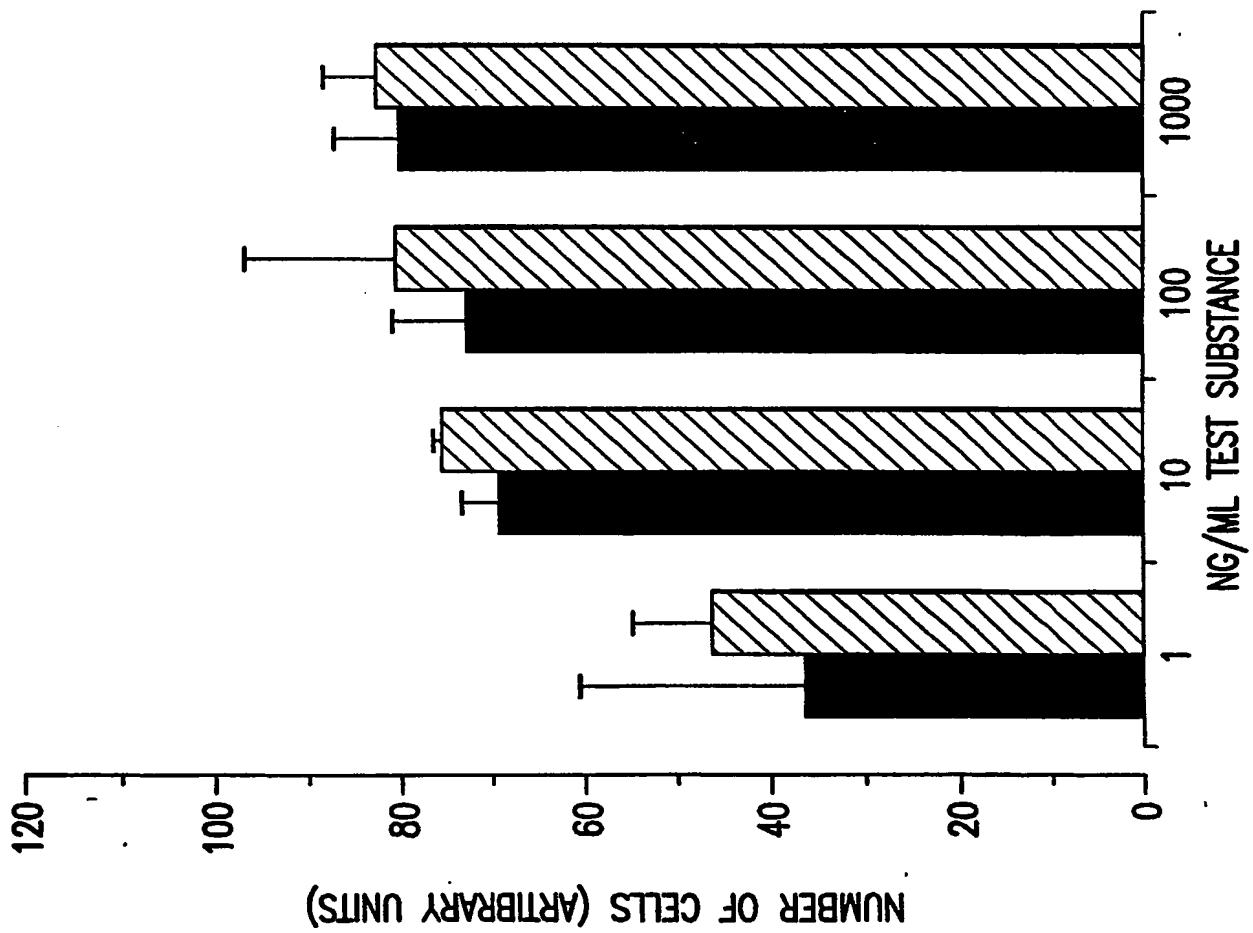
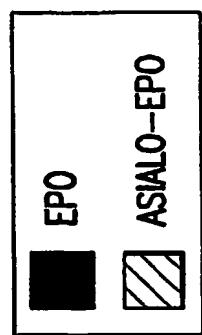
FIG.3

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FIG.4

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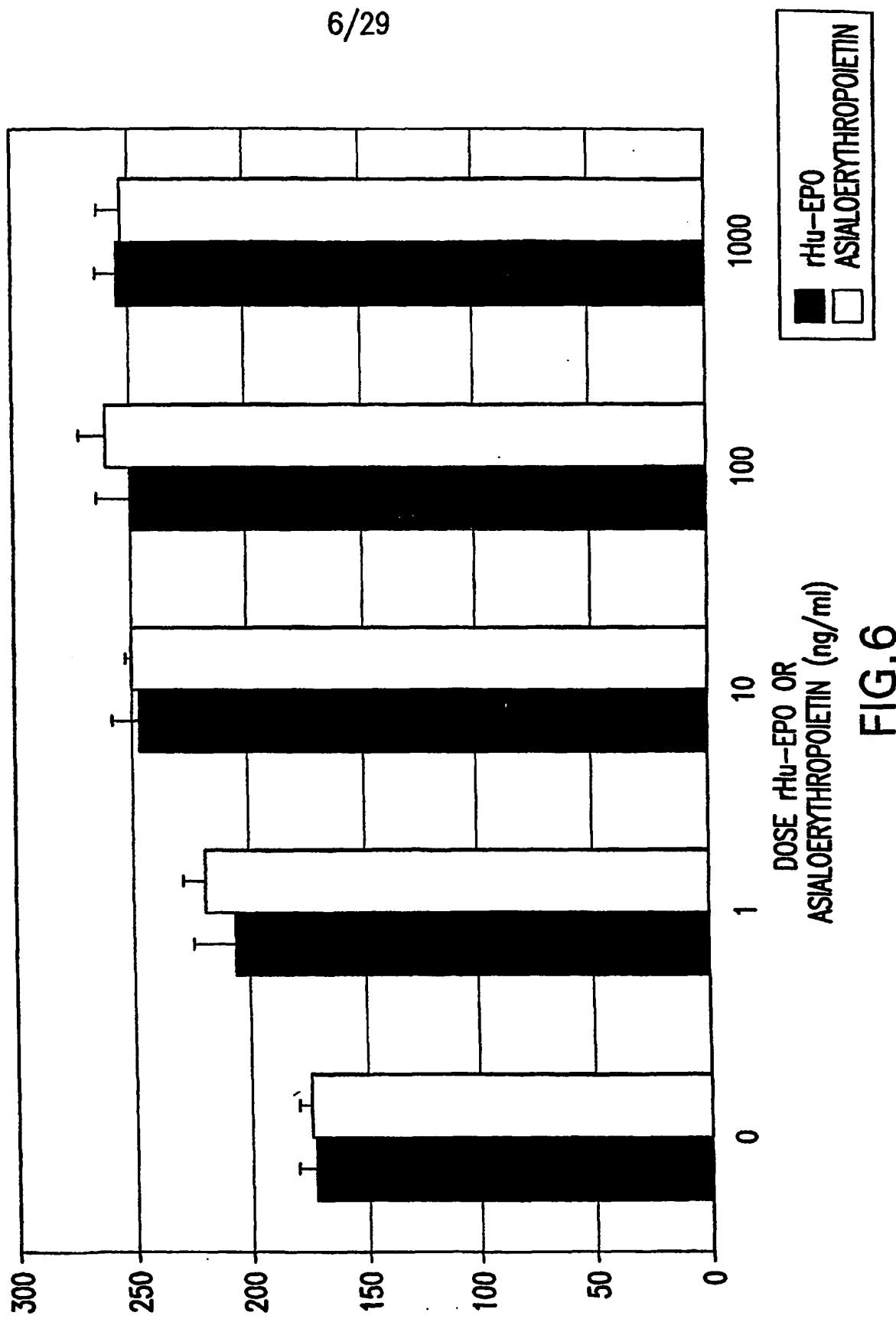
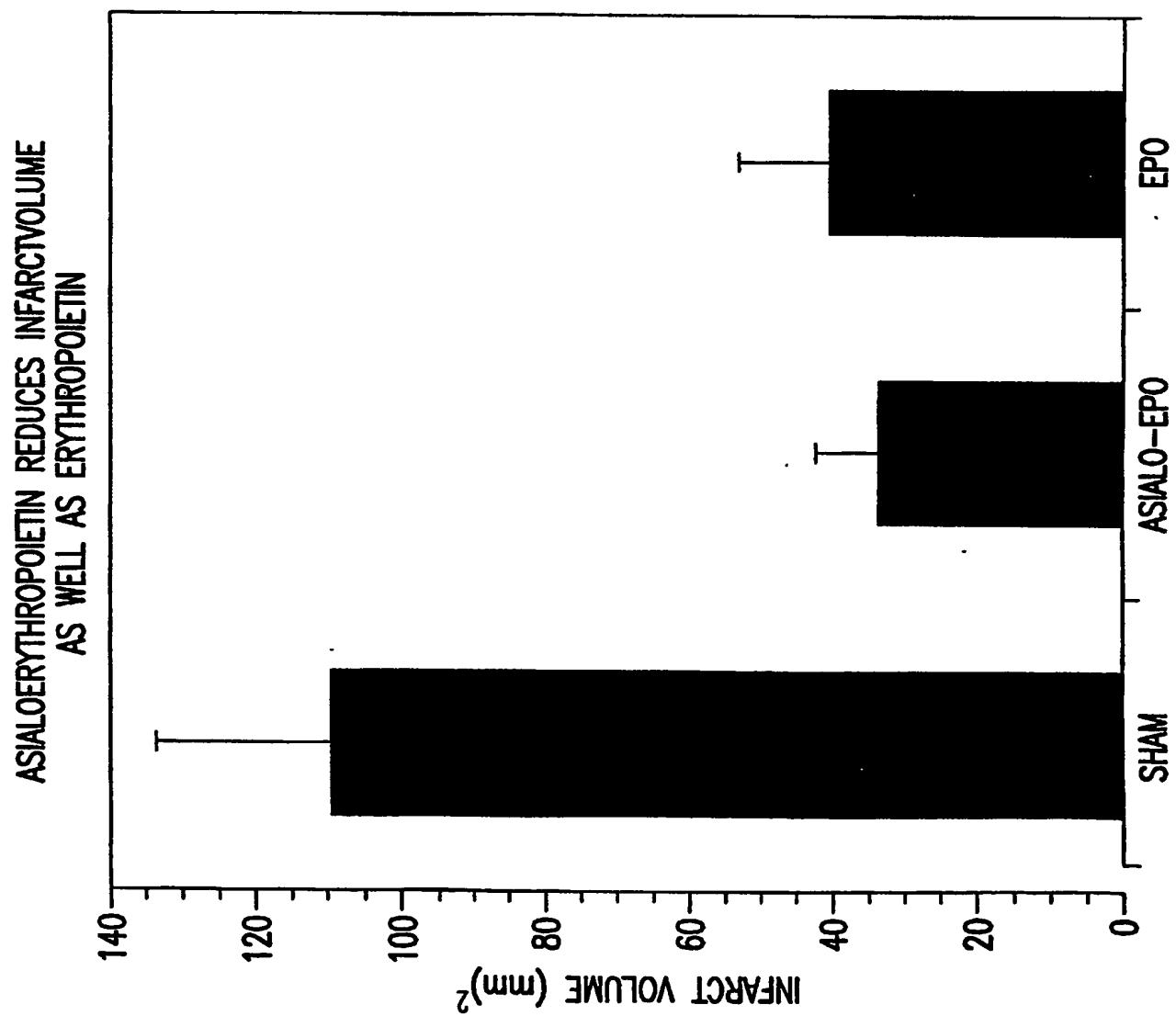


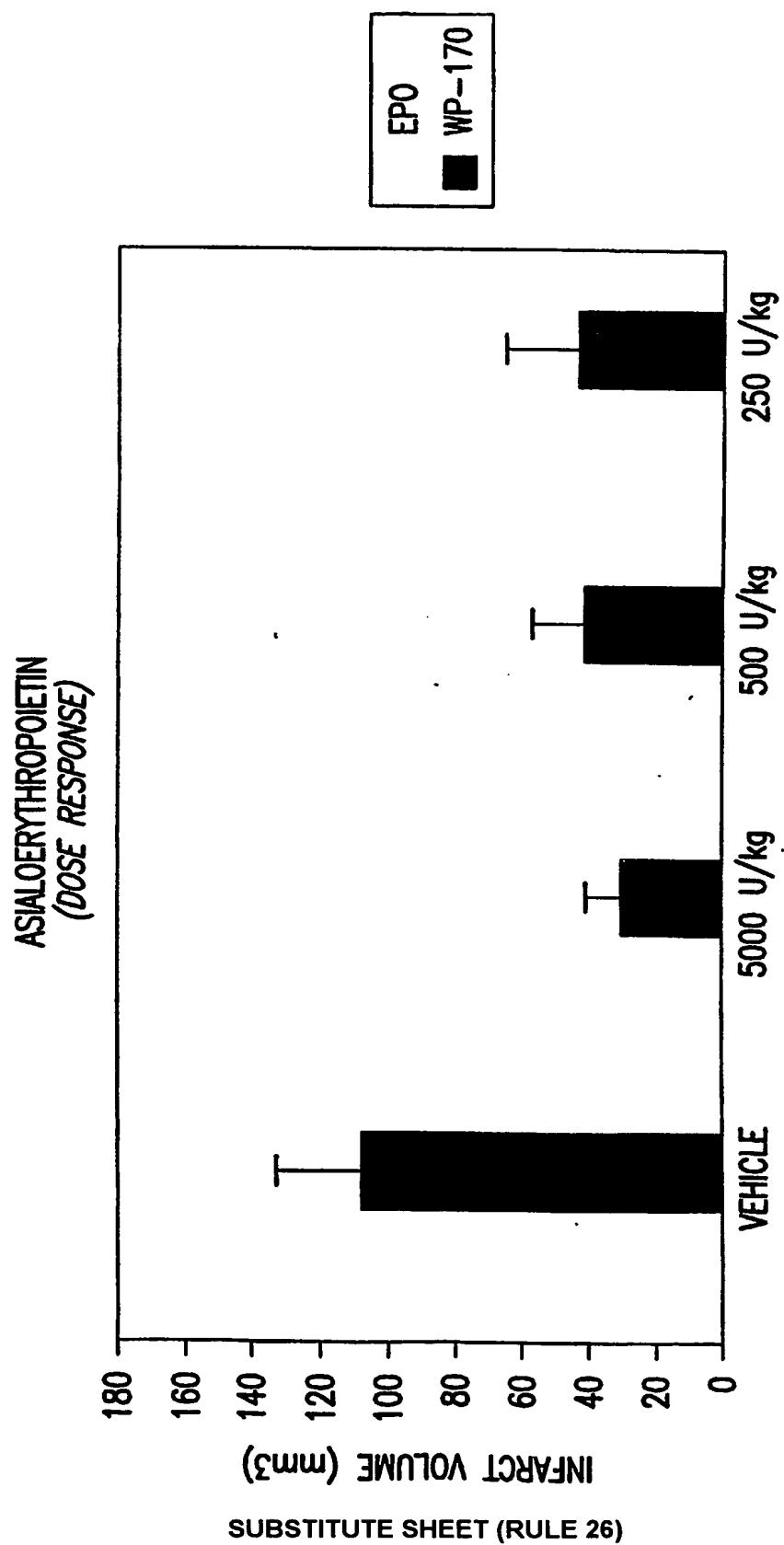
FIG. 6

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FIG. 7



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n FOR EACH GROUP IS GREATER
THAN OR EQUAL TO 4

FIG. 8

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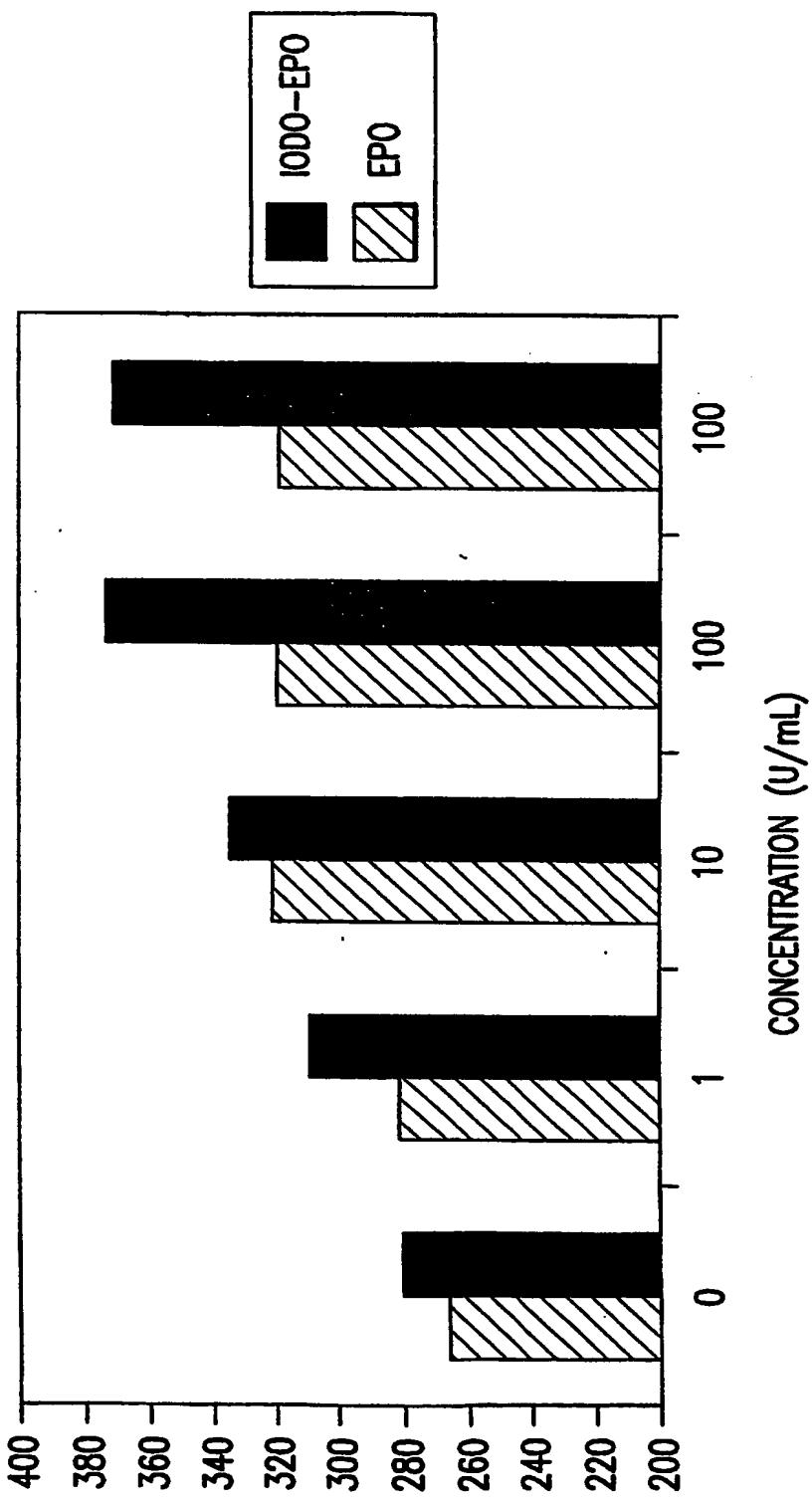
PROTECTION OF P19 CELLS FROM SERUM
DEPRIVATION BY 1000-EPO

FIG. 9

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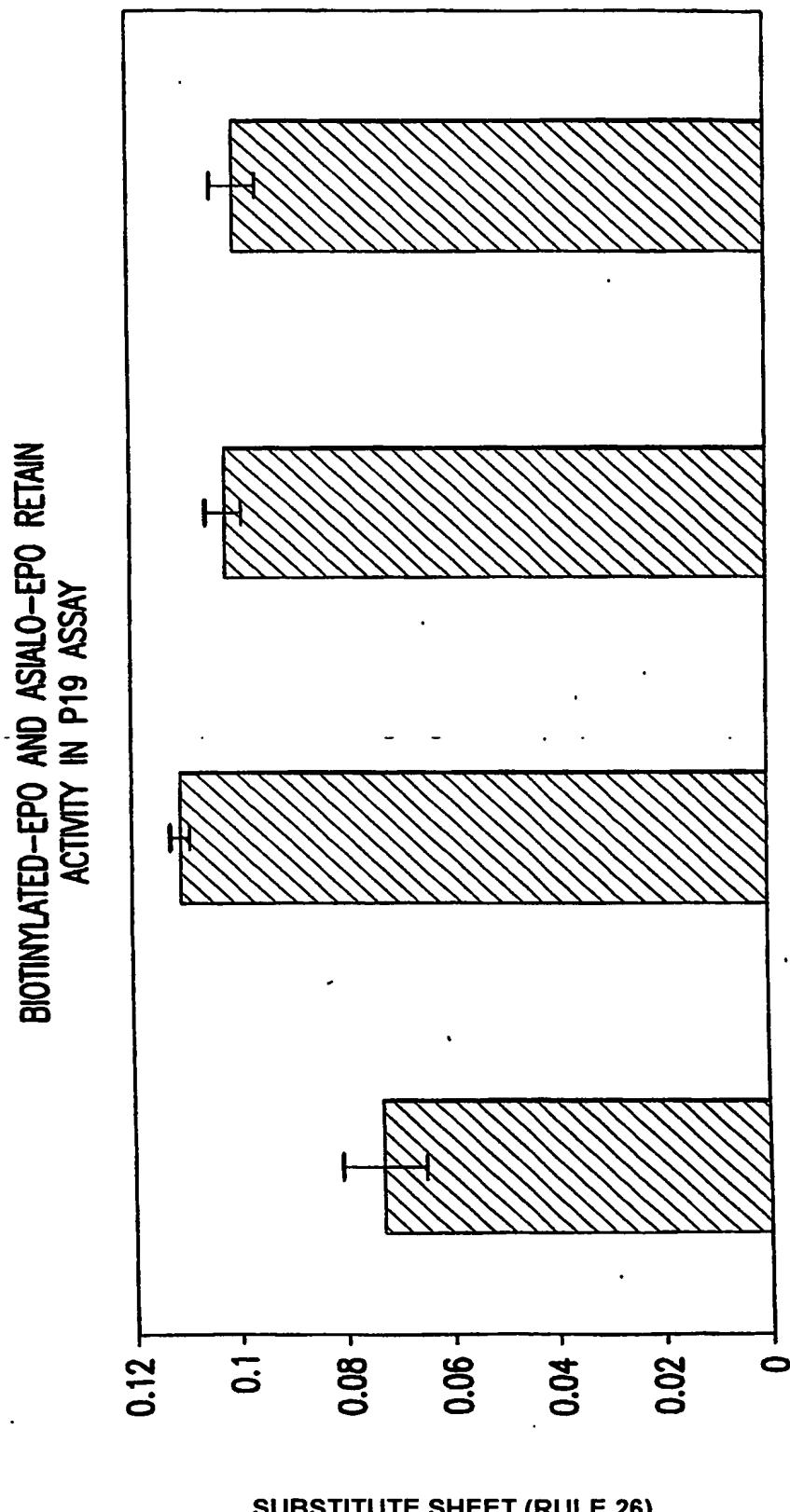


FIG. 10

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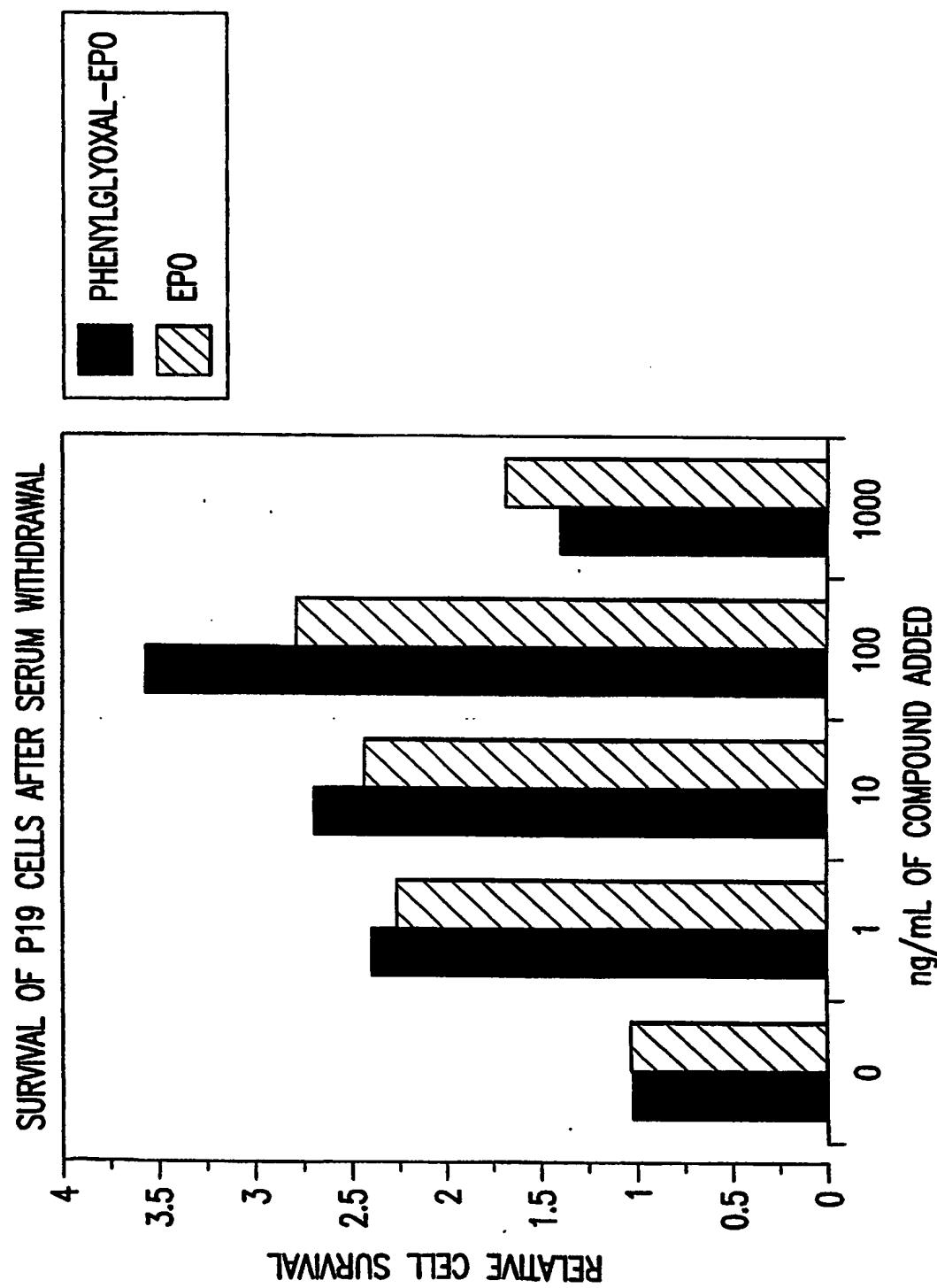
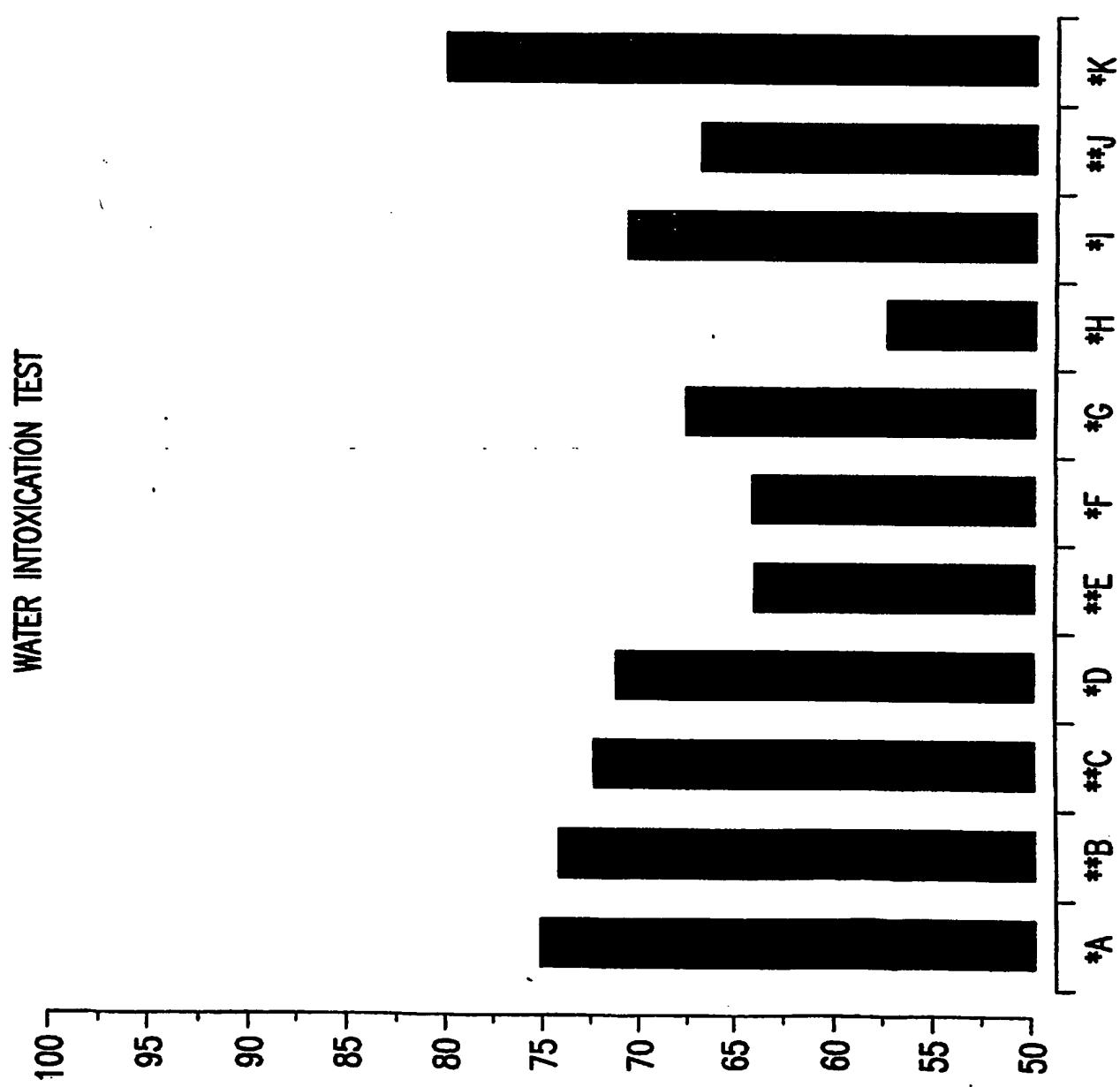


FIG. 11

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**p<0.01; *p<0.05

FIG. 12



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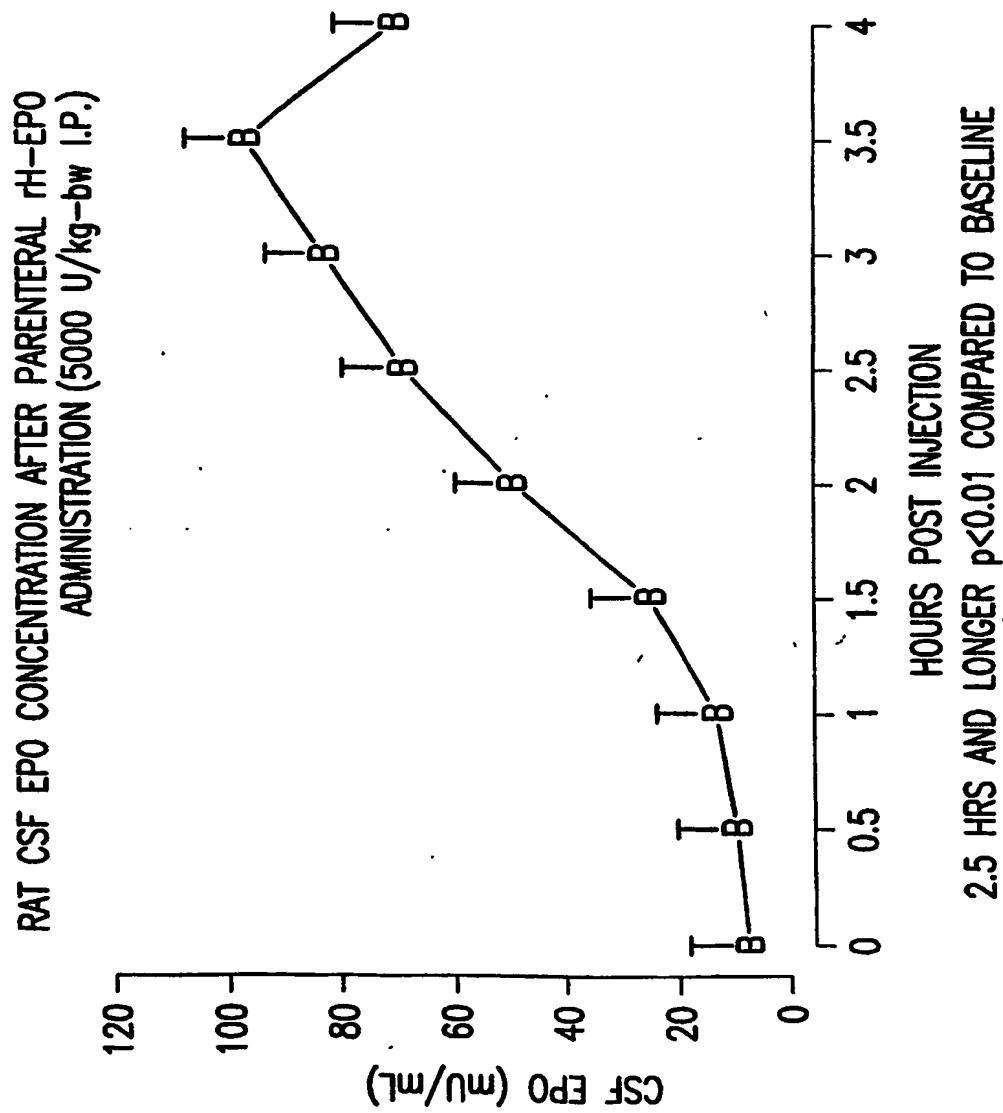


FIG. 13

ERYTHROPOIETIN IMPROVES CARDIAC FUNCTION
A HEART ISOLATED FOR TRANSPLANTATION

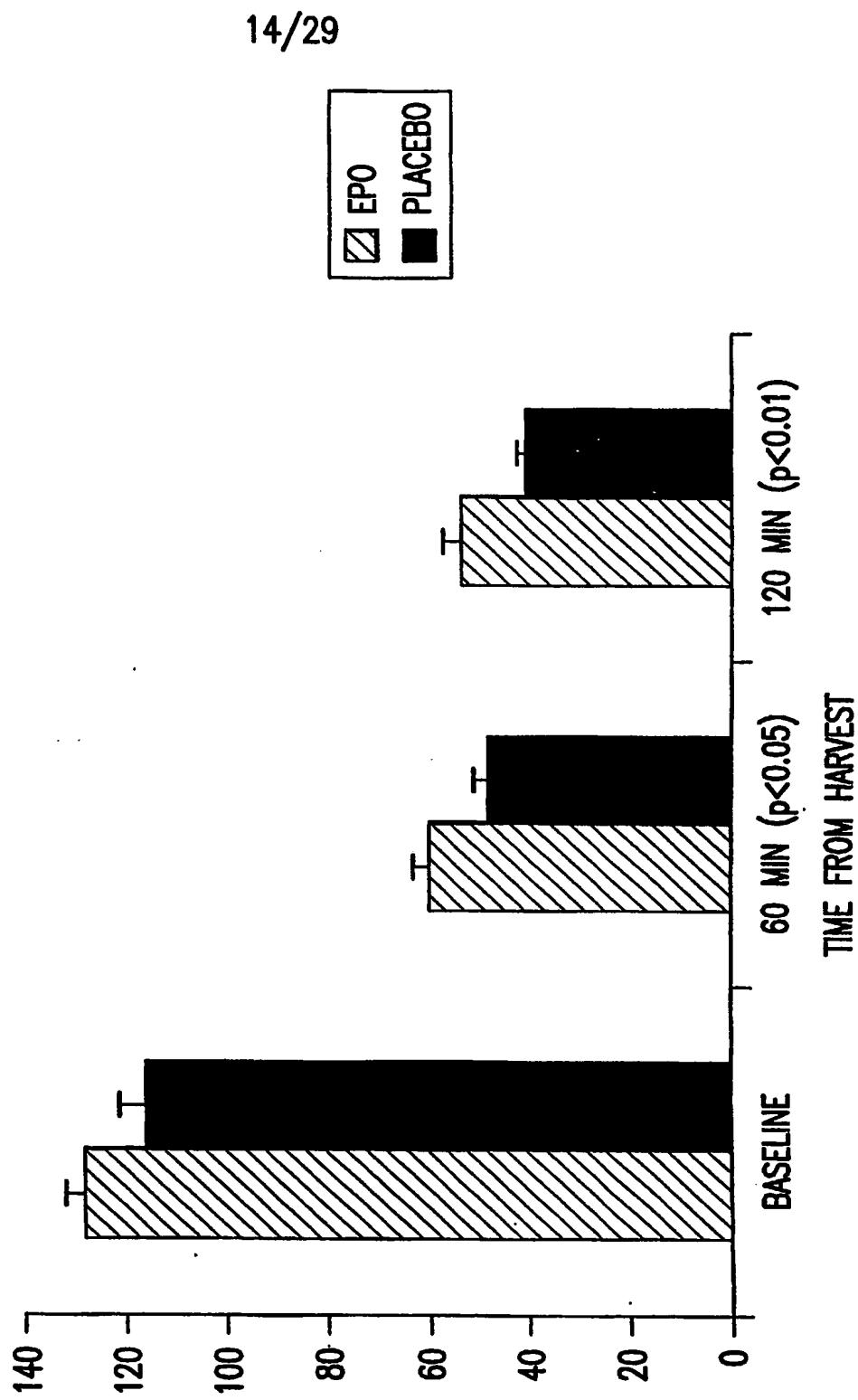
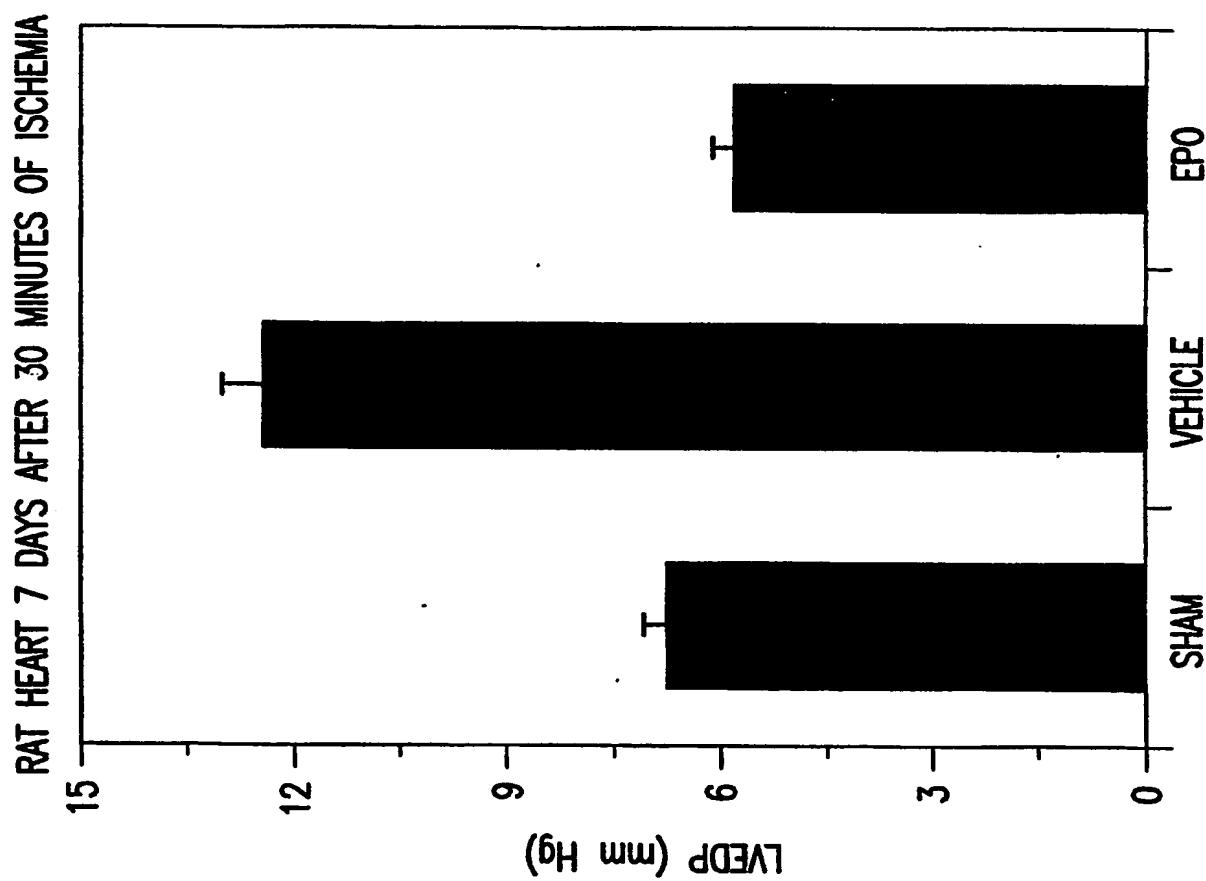


FIG. 14

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FIG. 15



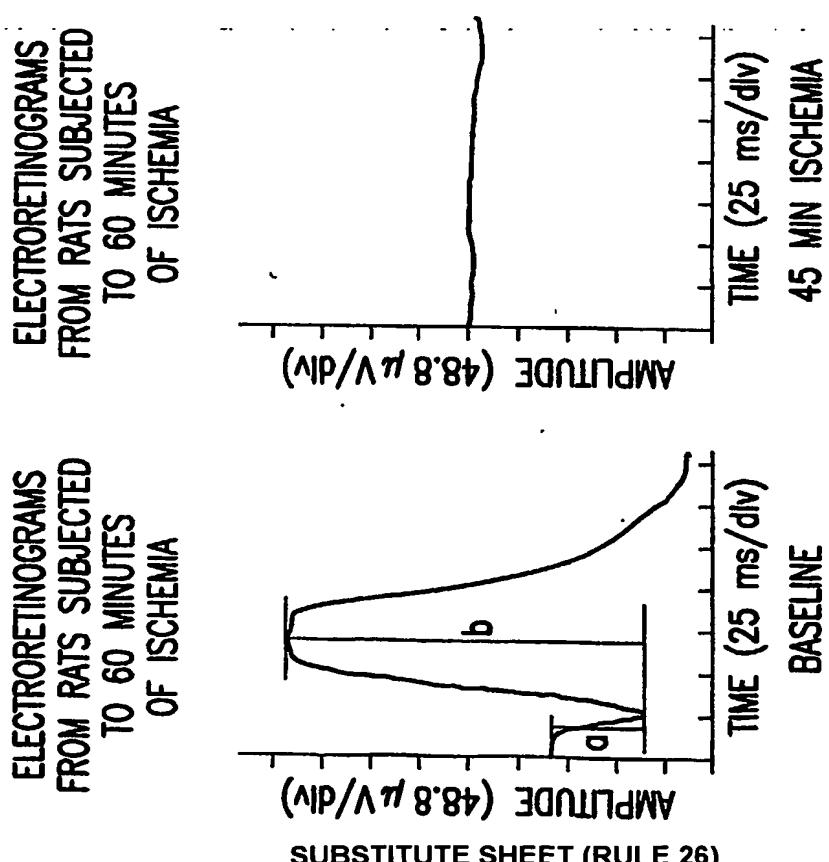


FIG. 16A

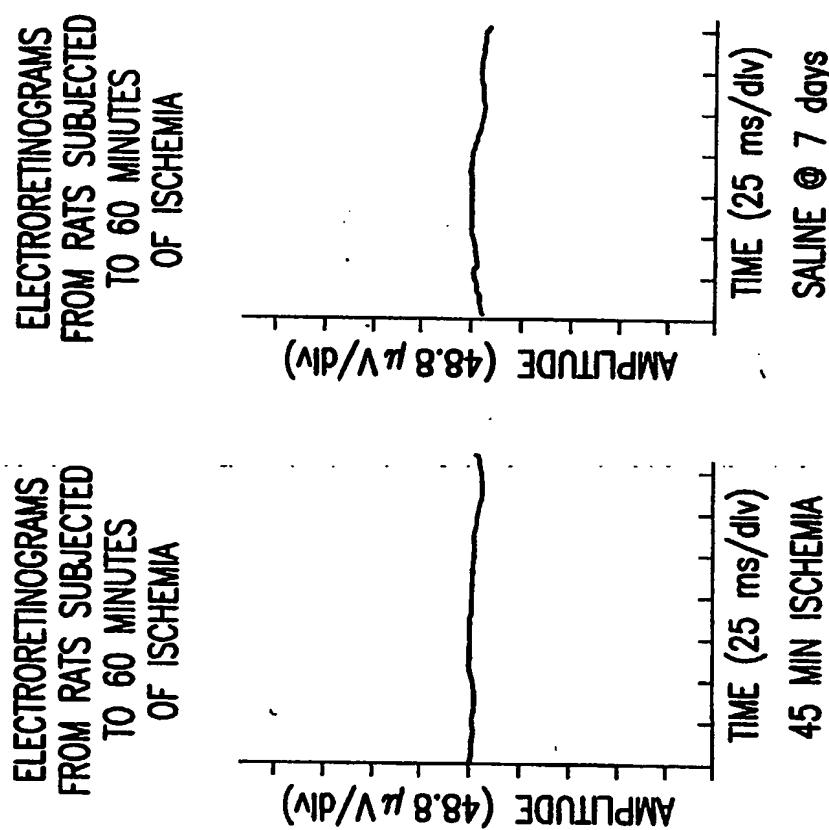


FIG. 16B

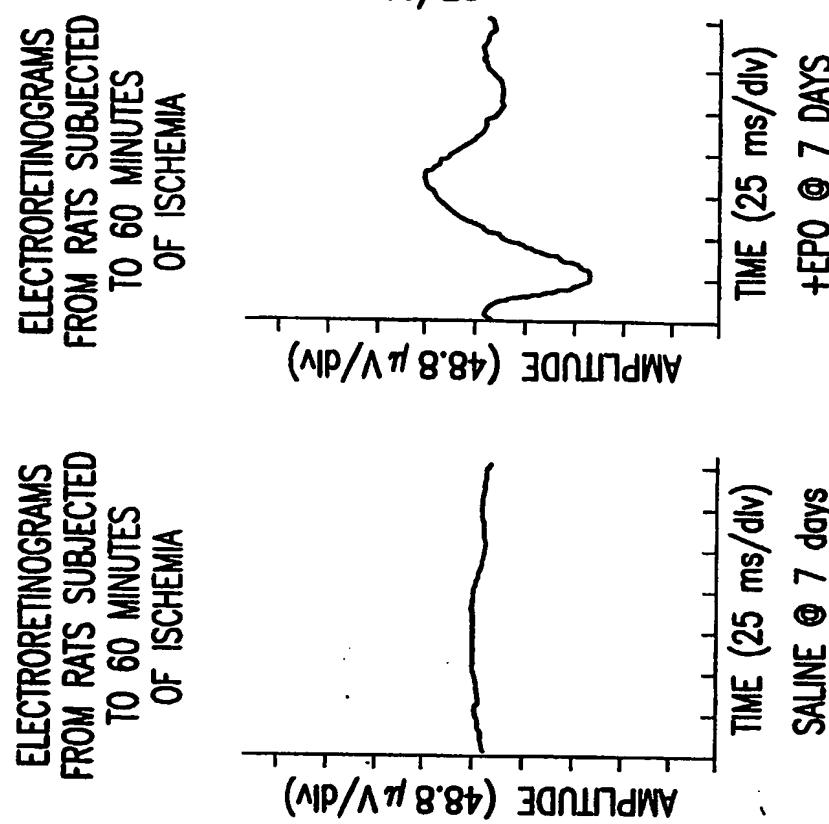


FIG. 16C

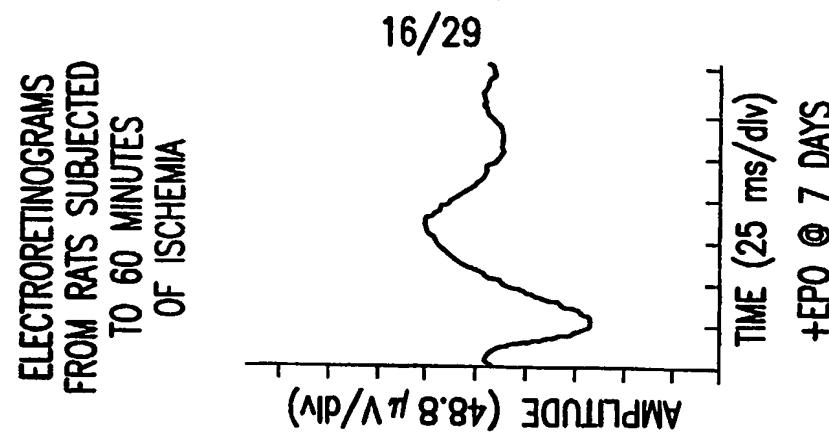


FIG. 16D

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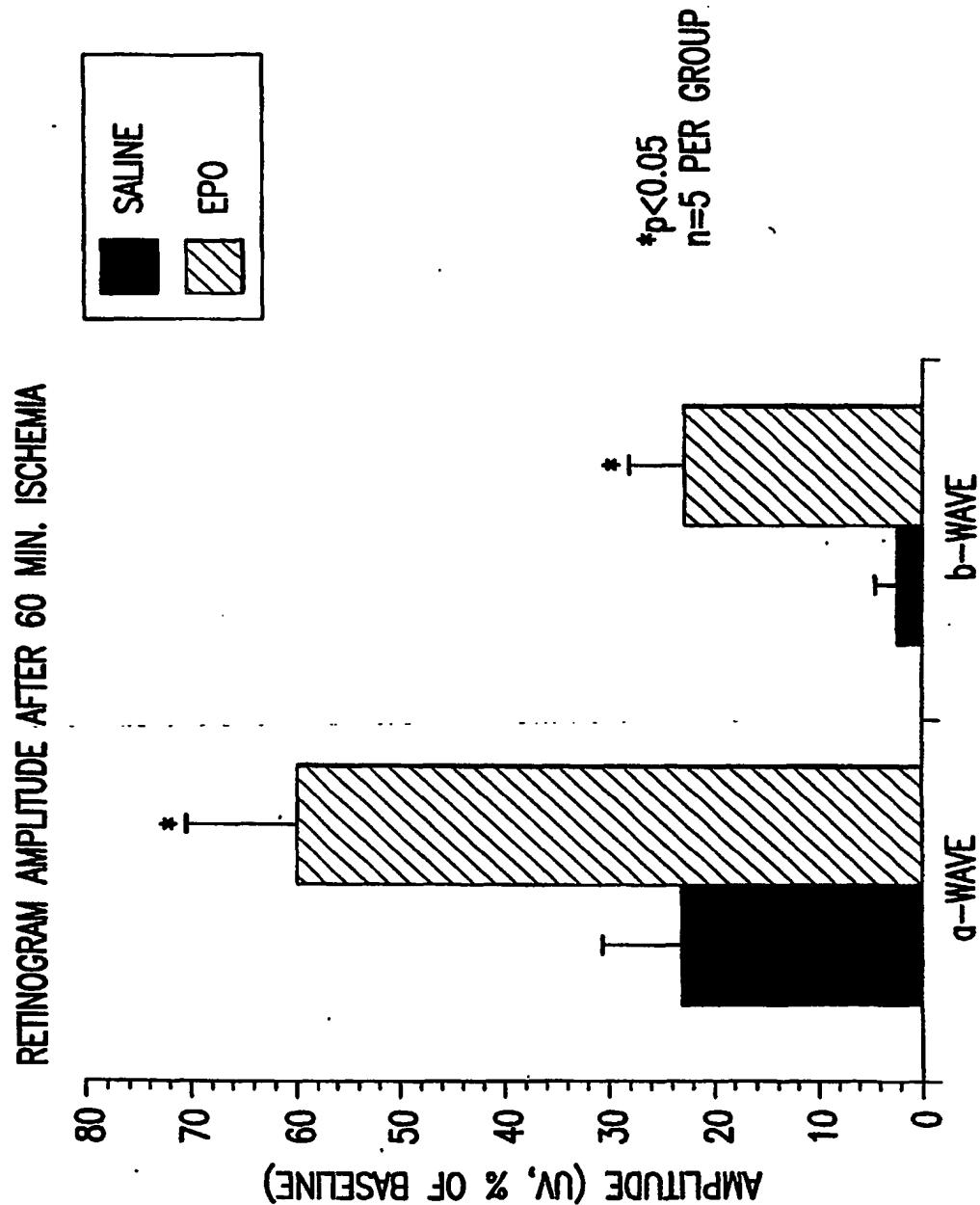


FIG. 17

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MORRIS WATER MAZE; FEMALE Balb/c MICE n=16. BLUNT BRAIN TRAUMA WITH EPO rx BEGINNING ON DAY 5 AFTER INJURY. FIRST WATER MAZE TEST BEGAN 1 WEEK AFTER EPO DOSING BEGAN (12 DAYS AFTER INJURY). BOTH GROUPS OF ANIMALS DID POORLY WITH SWIM TIMES ~80 OUT OF 90 SECONDS POSSIBLE. NEGATIVE VALUES INDICATES THAT EPO IS BETTER. MEANS OF 4 TRIALS PER DAY.

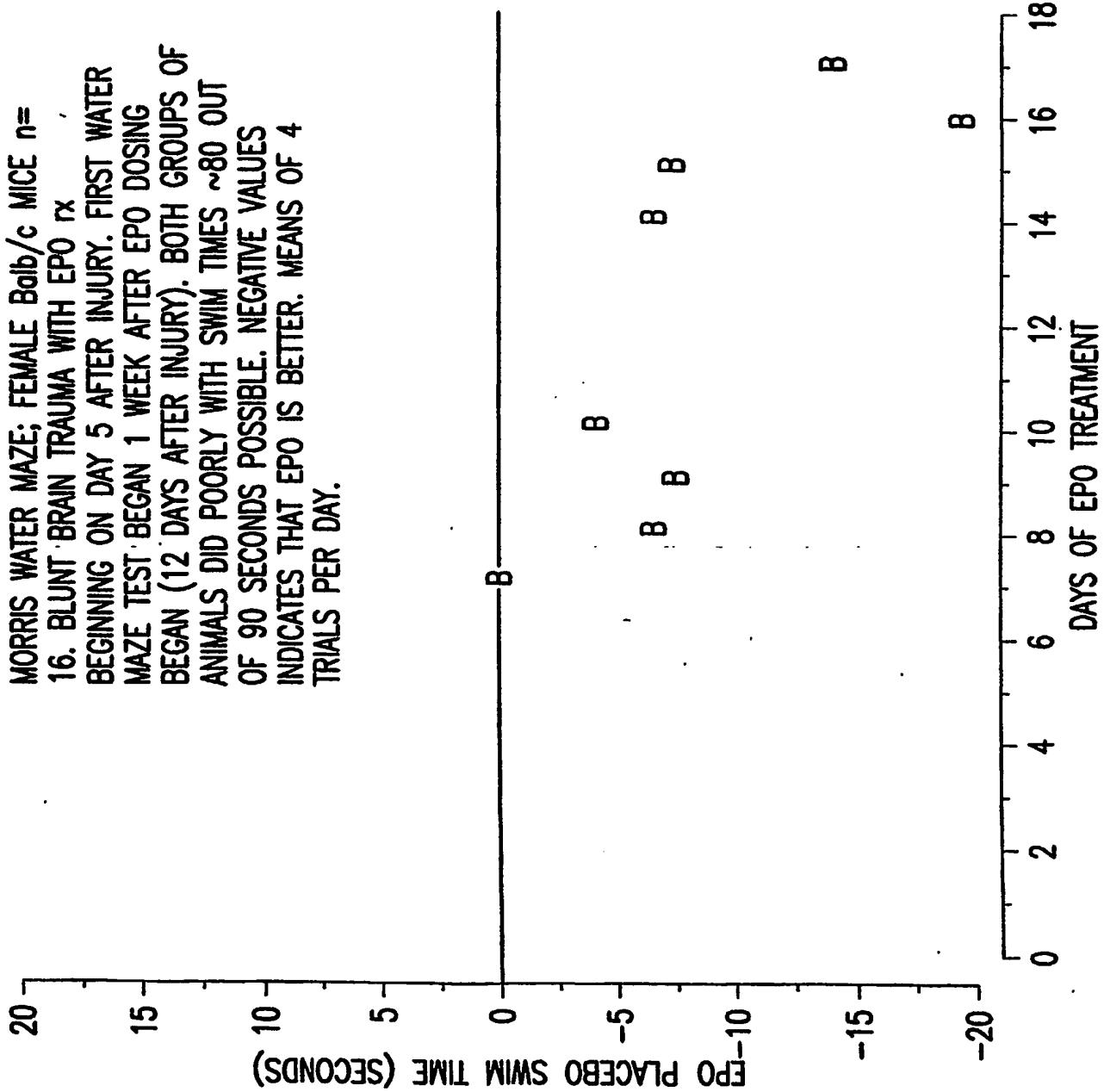
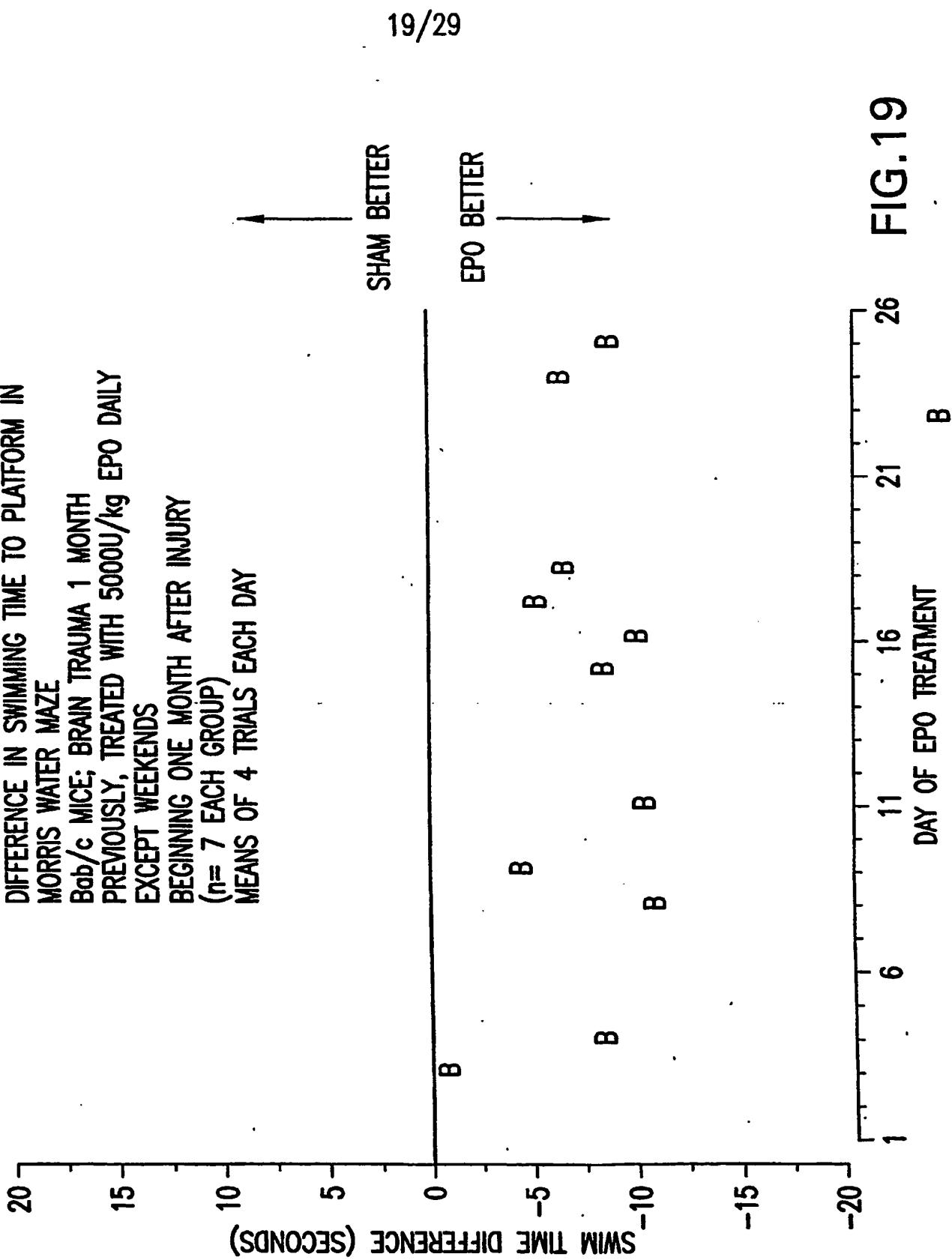


FIG. 18

DIFFERENCE IN SWIMMING TIME TO PLATFORM IN
MORRIS WATER MAZE
B6b/c MICE; BRAIN TRAUMA 1 MONTH
PREVIOUSLY, TREATED WITH 5000U/kg EPO DAILY
EXCEPT WEEKENDS
BEGINNING ONE MONTH AFTER INJURY
(n= 7 EACH GROUP)
MEANS OF 4 TRIALS EACH DAY



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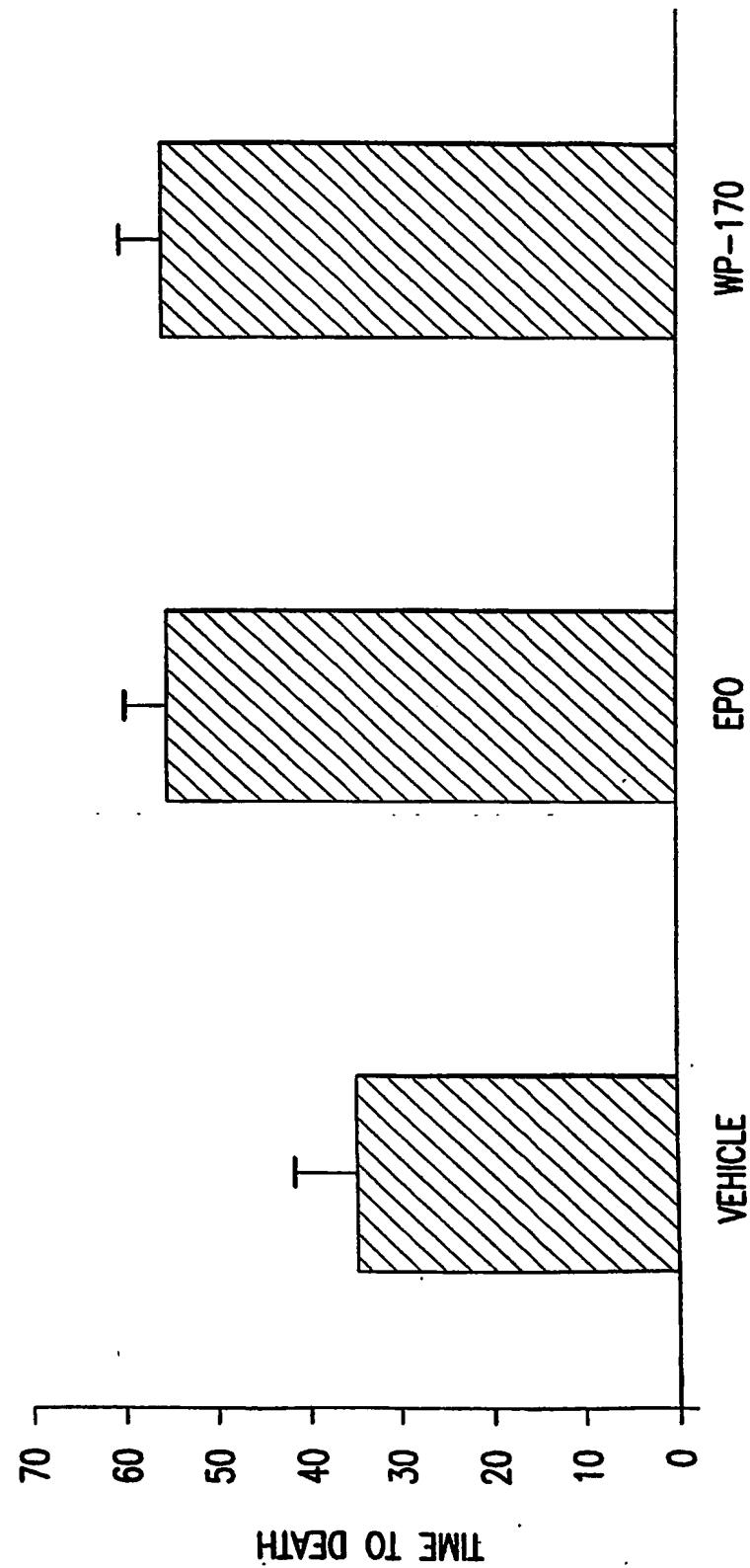


FIG.20

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RAT SPINAL CORD COMPRESSION MODEL

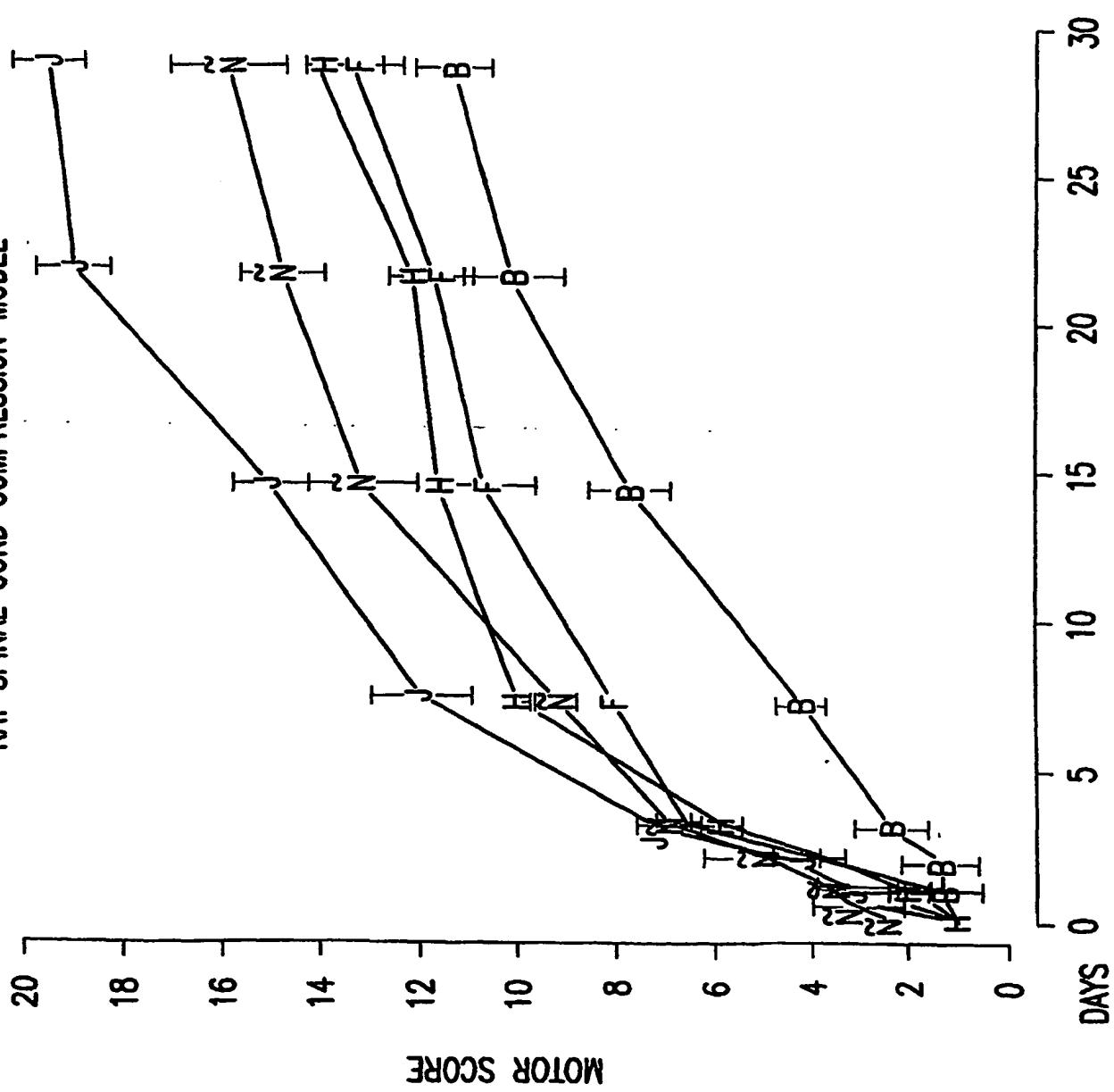
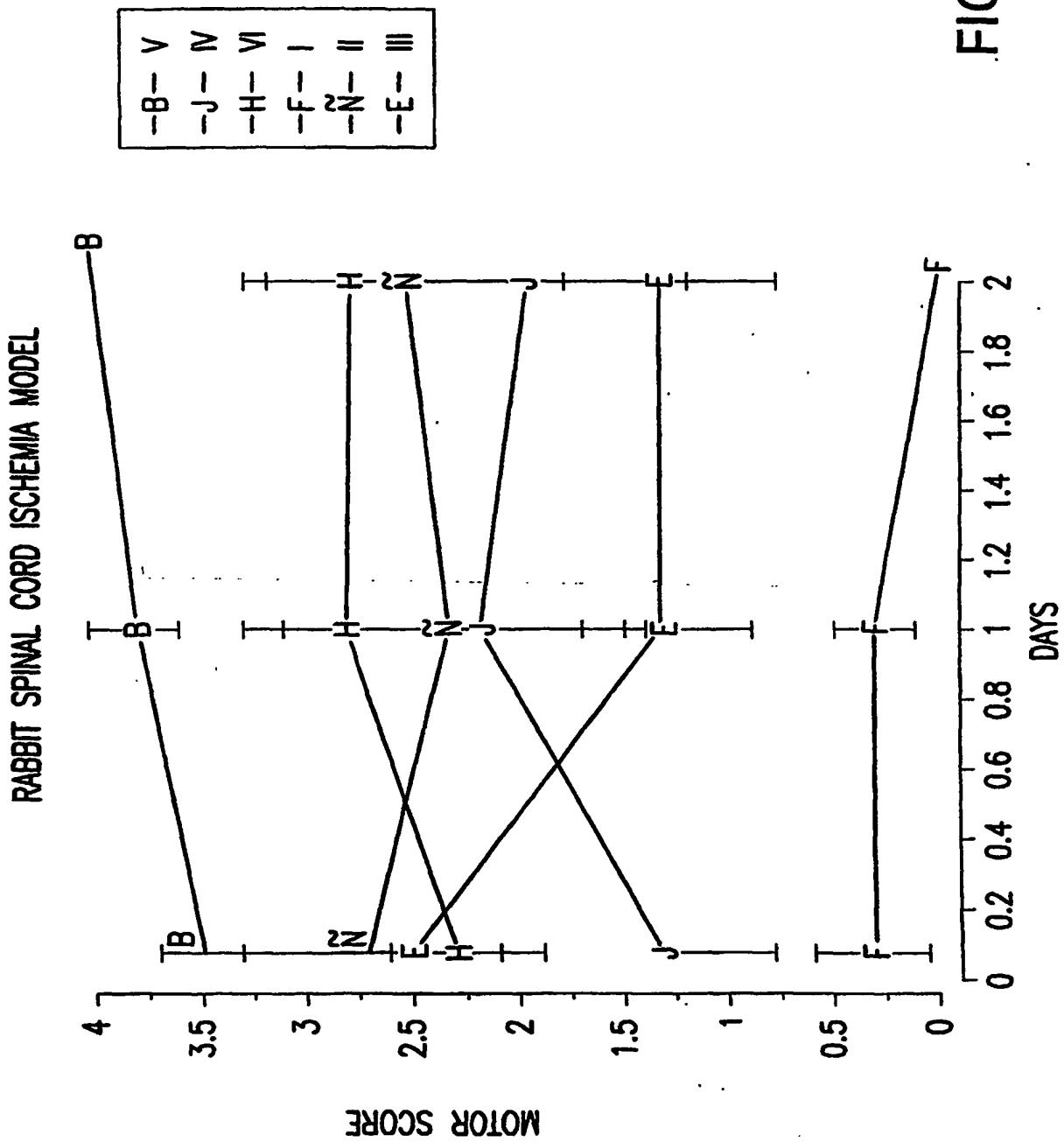


FIG.21

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FIG. 22



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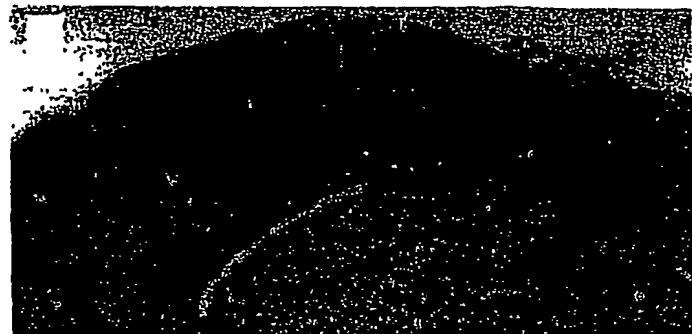


FIG. 23A



FIG. 23B

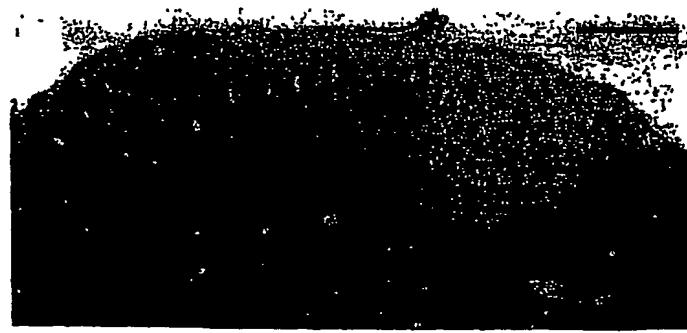


FIG. 23C

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FIG.24A

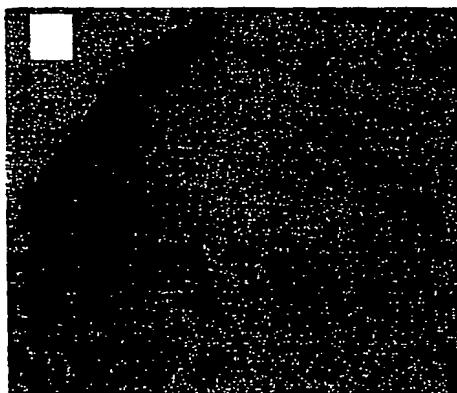


FIG.24B



FIG 24C

SUBSTITUTE SHEET (RULE 26)

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FIG.25A

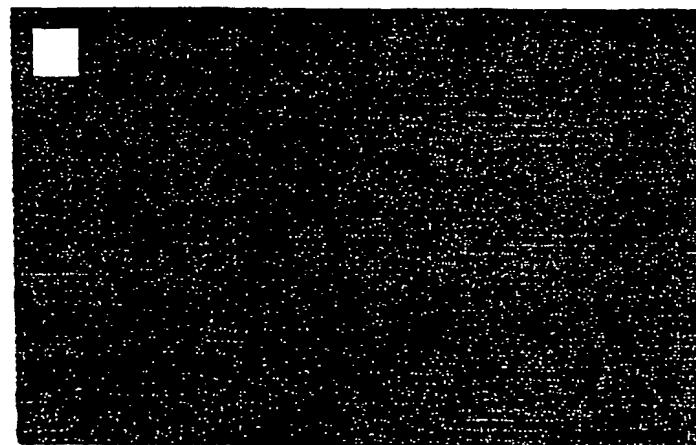


FIG.25B

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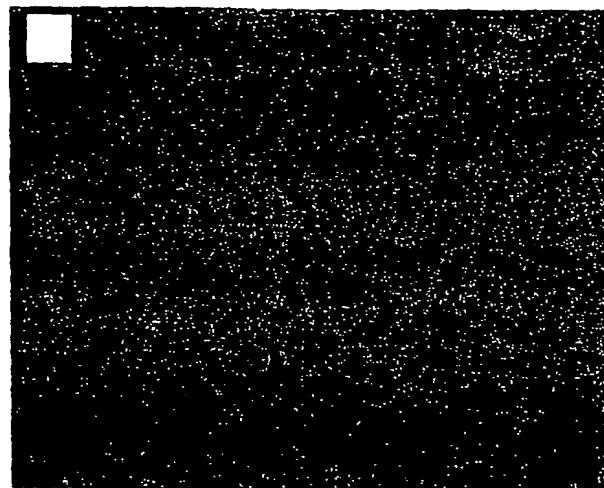


FIG.26A

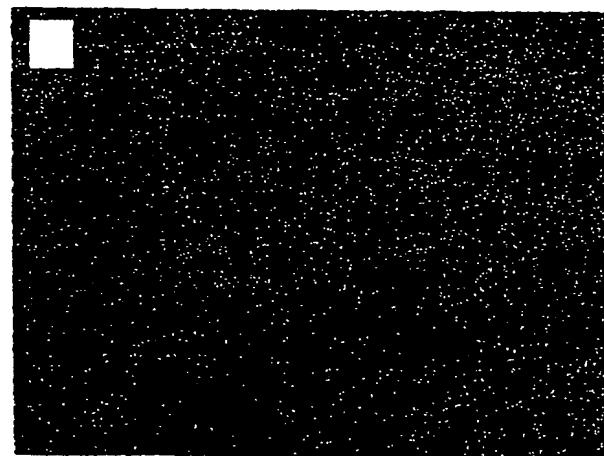


FIG.26B

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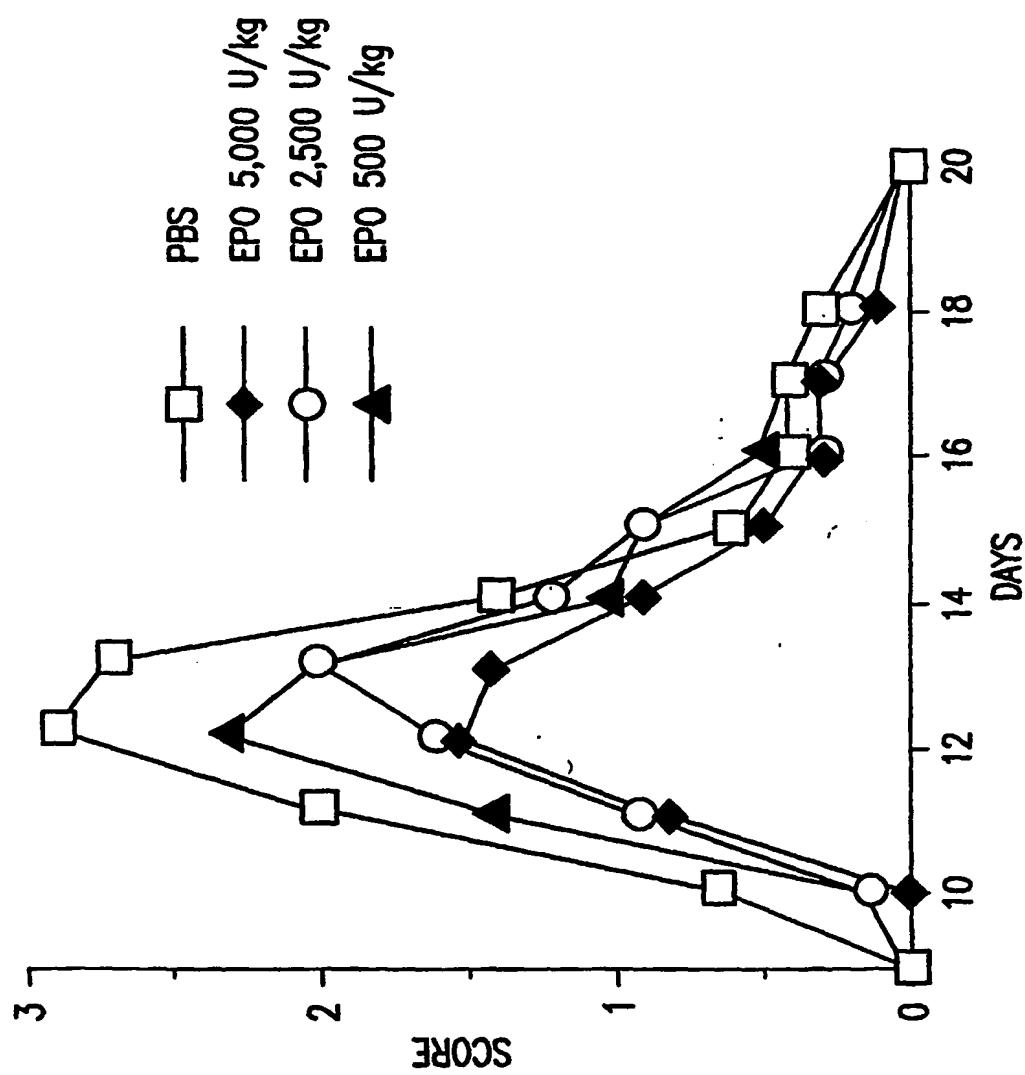


FIG. 27

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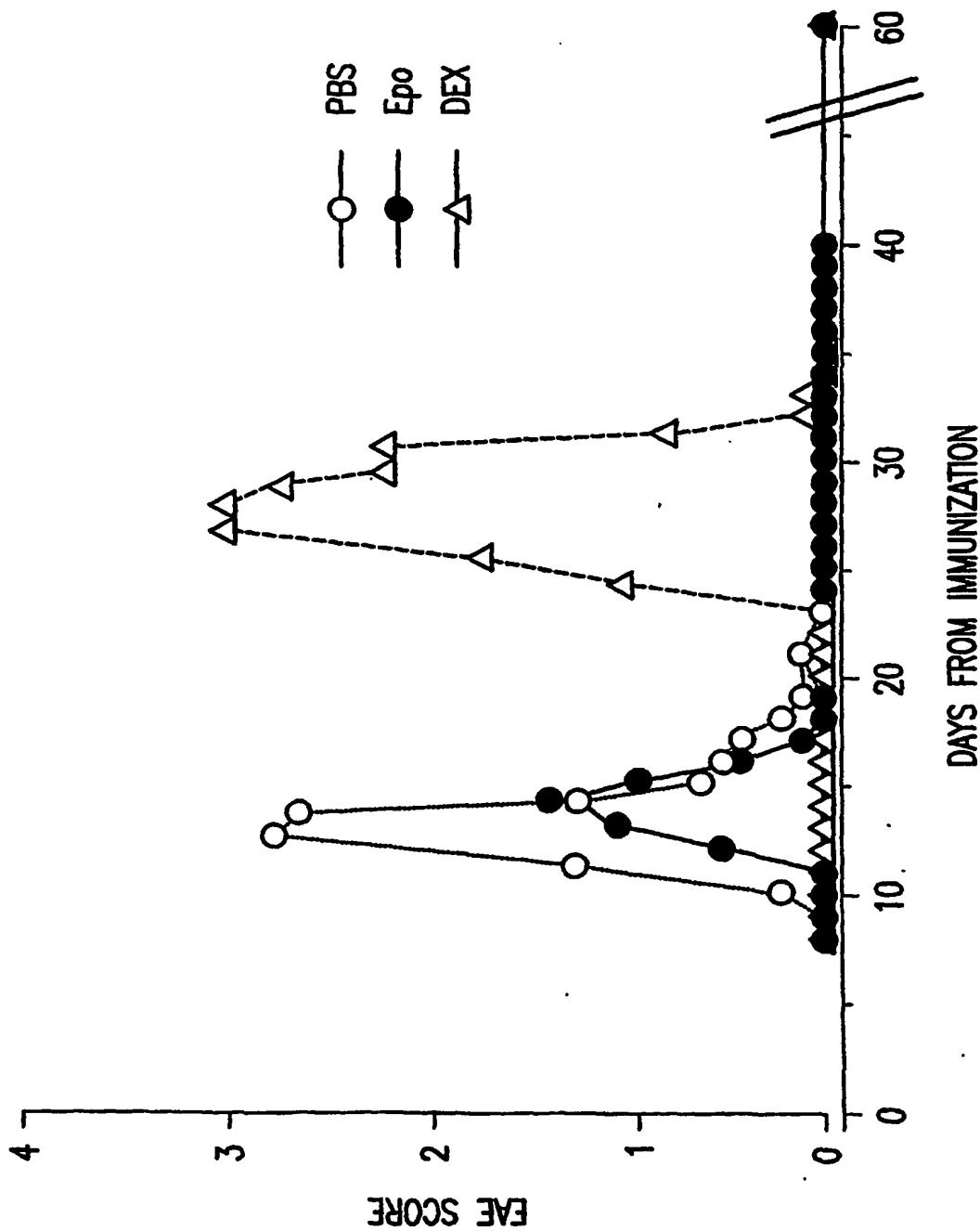


FIG. 28

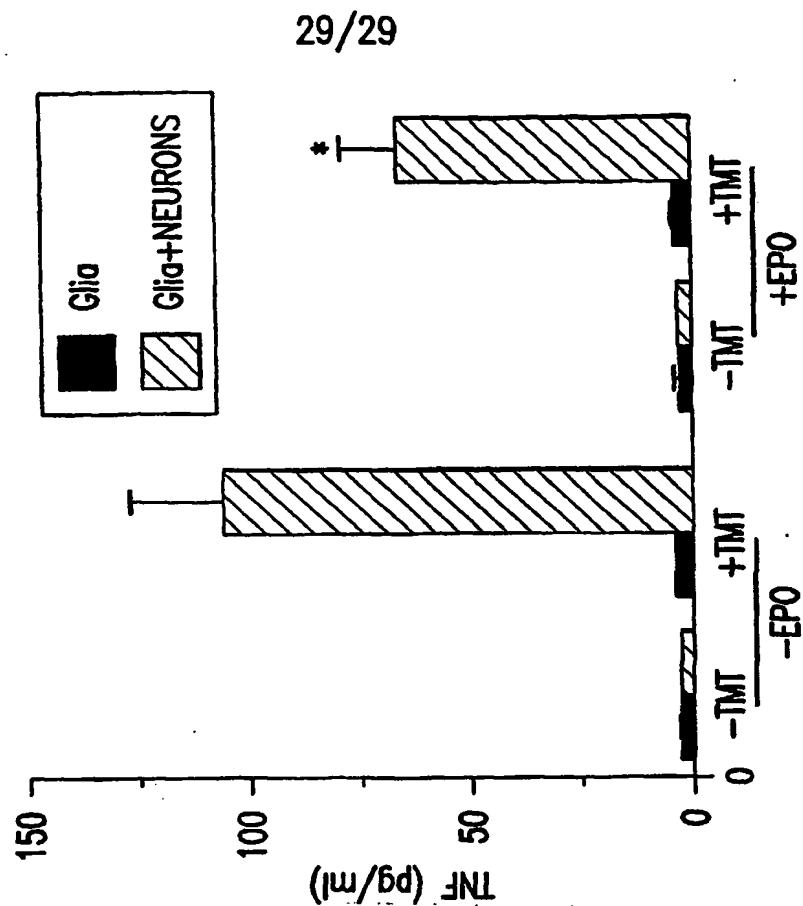


FIG. 29B

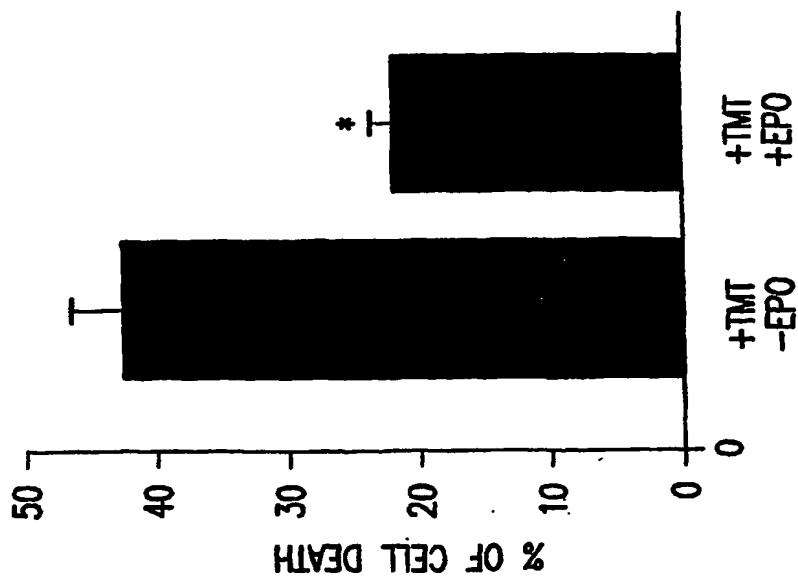


FIG. 29A